

Heavy Neutrino Search with Left-right symmetric extension of the Standard Model

BRL Workshop 2017
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Left-right Symmetric (LRS)?

- The Standard Model (SM) is left handed
 - W boson interacts only with left-handed fermions
 - no right-handed neutrinos
 - no Higgs interactions for neutrinos
- It's not natural

Left-right Symmetric?

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- A
- It's

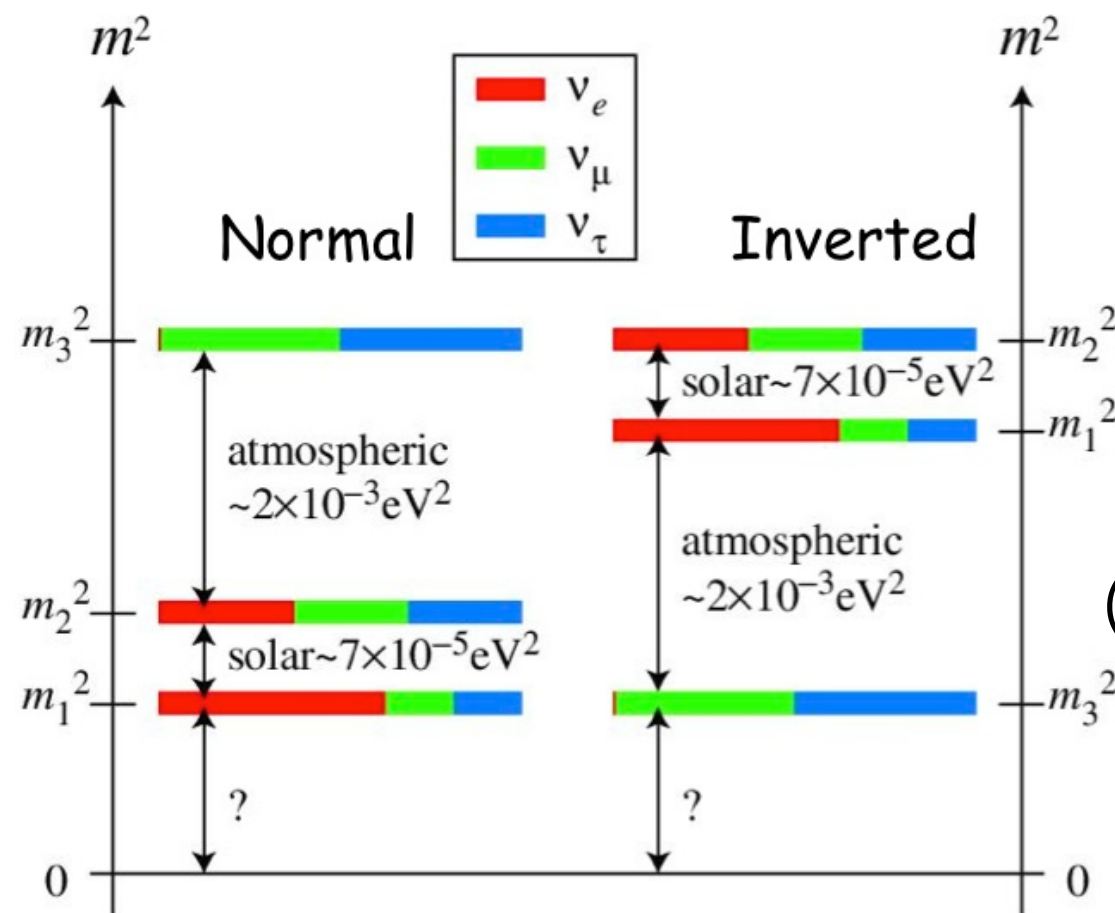


Left-right Symmetric (LRS)?

- The Standard Model (SM) is left handed
 - W boson interacts only with left-handed fermions
 - no right-handed neutrinos
 - no Higgs interactions for neutrinos
- It's not natural
 - Let's assume that the universe was left-right symmetric at once
 - This is spontaneously broken at certain energy scale
 - Higher than our searching available region until today
- Heavy particles can be detected with extremely energetic interactions, possibly at LHC

Left-right Symmetric (LRS)?

- SM neutrino is massless
 - The discovery of neutrino oscillations represents the existence of neutrino masses
 - and it's mass is really smaller than other fermions



$\Sigma m < 0.0926 \text{ eV}$
from Cosmology
(Phys.Rev. D93 (2016) no.8, 083527)

Left-right Symmetric (LRS)?

- SM neutrino is massless
 - Applying the see-saw mechanism to LRS between ν_L and ν_R

$$\begin{pmatrix} m_{\nu L} & m_D \\ m_D & m_{\nu R} \end{pmatrix}$$

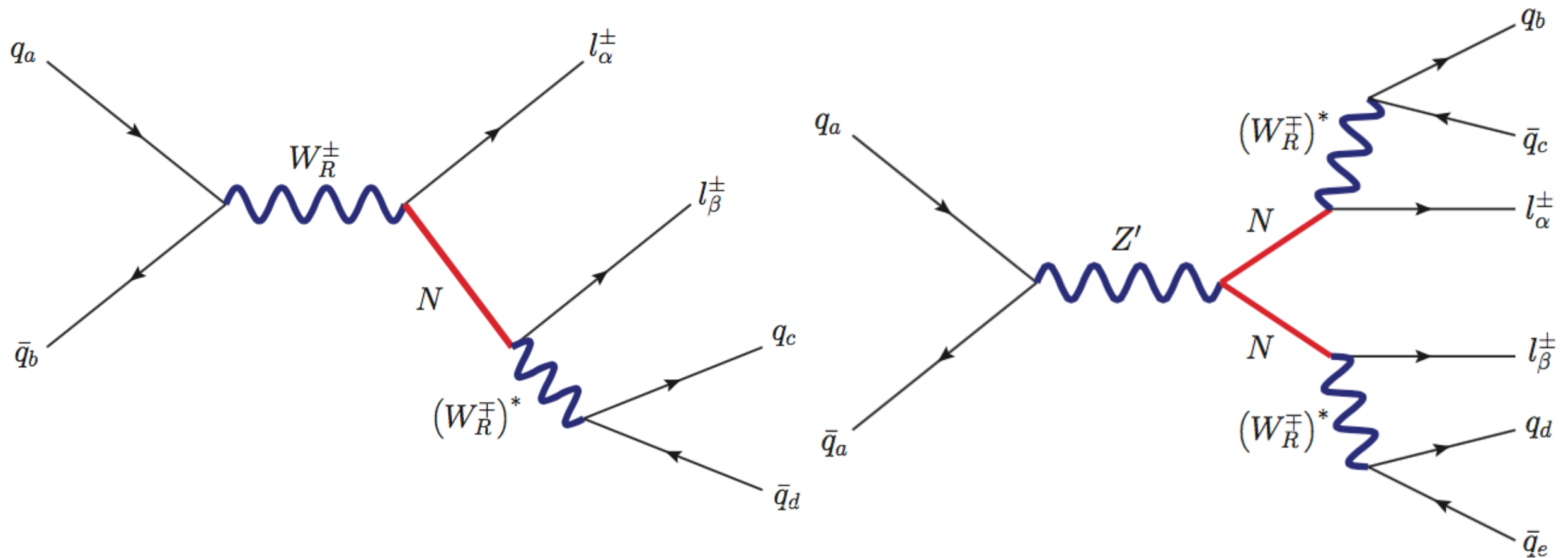
$$\lambda = \frac{1}{2}(m_{\nu L} + m_{\nu R}) \pm \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(m_{\nu L} + m_{\nu R})^2 - 4(m_{\nu L} m_{\nu R} - m_D^2)}$$

$$m_{\nu L} \ll m_D \ll m_{\nu R}$$

$$\lambda^+ \sim m_{\nu R}$$

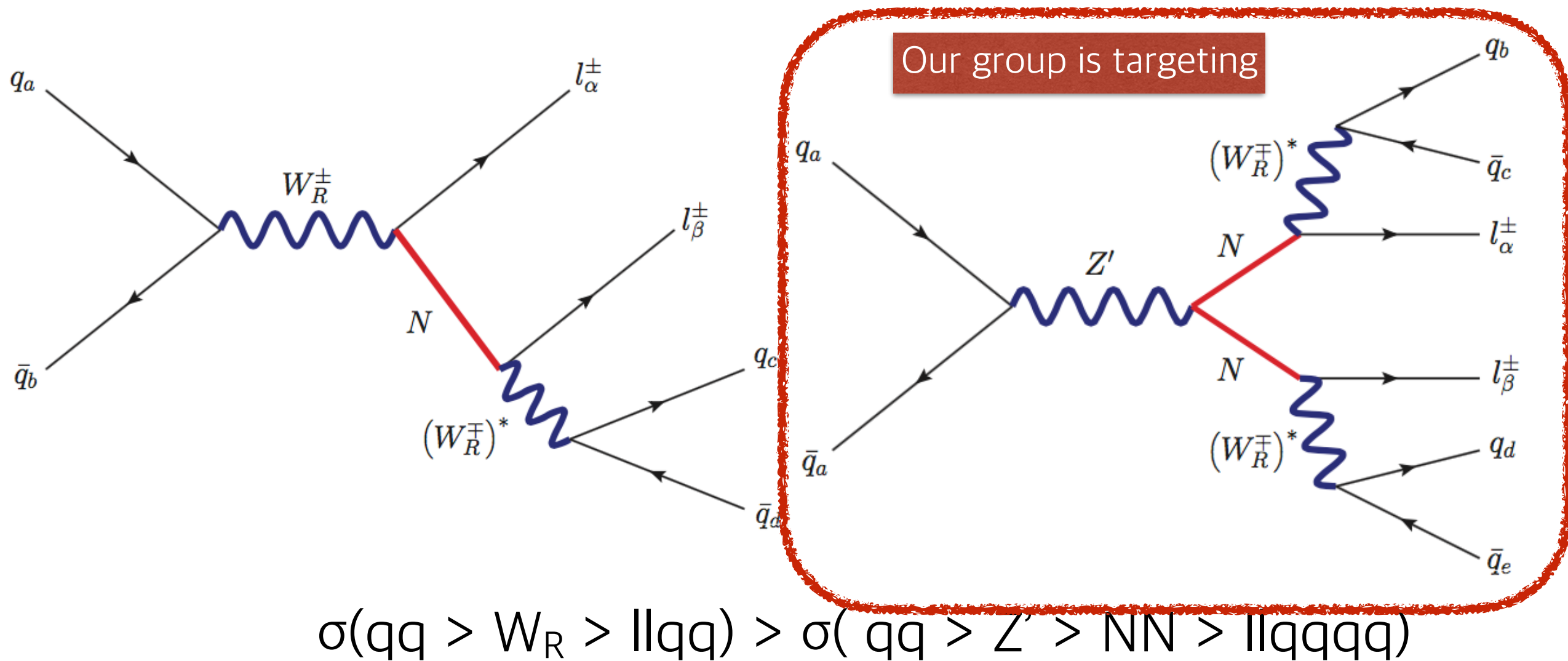
$$\lambda^- \sim m_{\nu L} - \frac{m_{\nu L}^2 + 4m_D^2}{4m_{\nu R}}$$

Processes we can challenge in Heavy Neutrino Sector



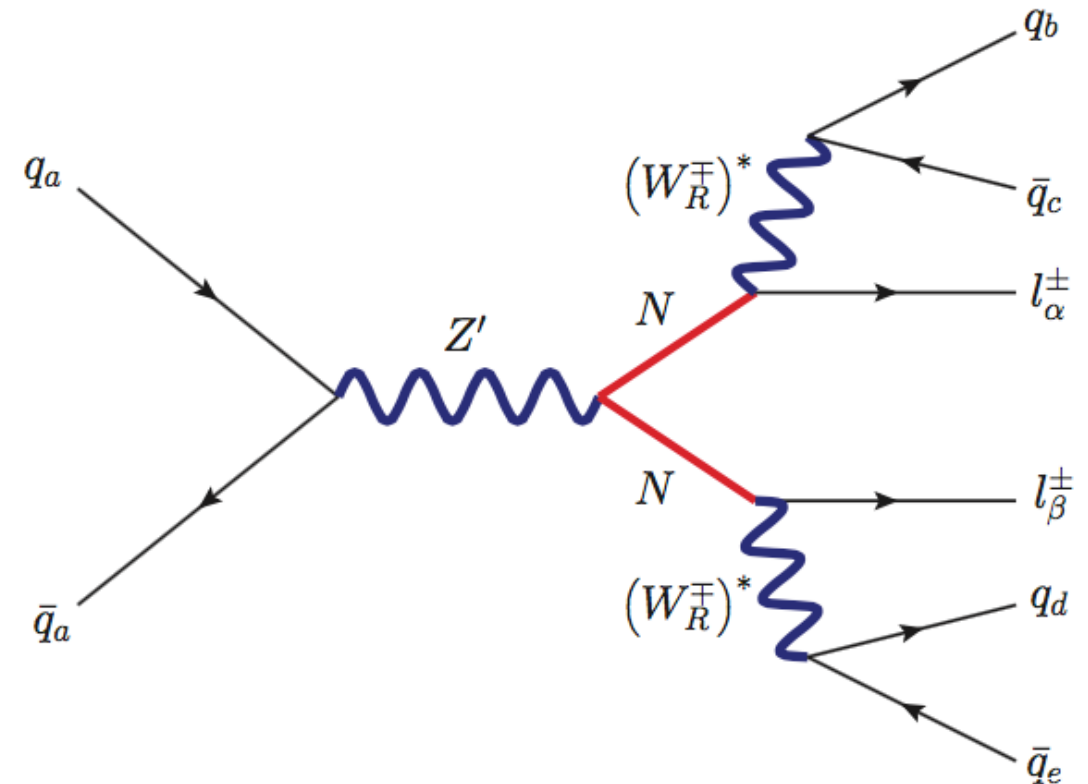
$$\sigma(qq \rightarrow W_R \rightarrow llqq) > \sigma(qq \rightarrow Z' \rightarrow NN \rightarrow llqqqq)$$

Processes we can challenge in Heavy Neutrino Sector



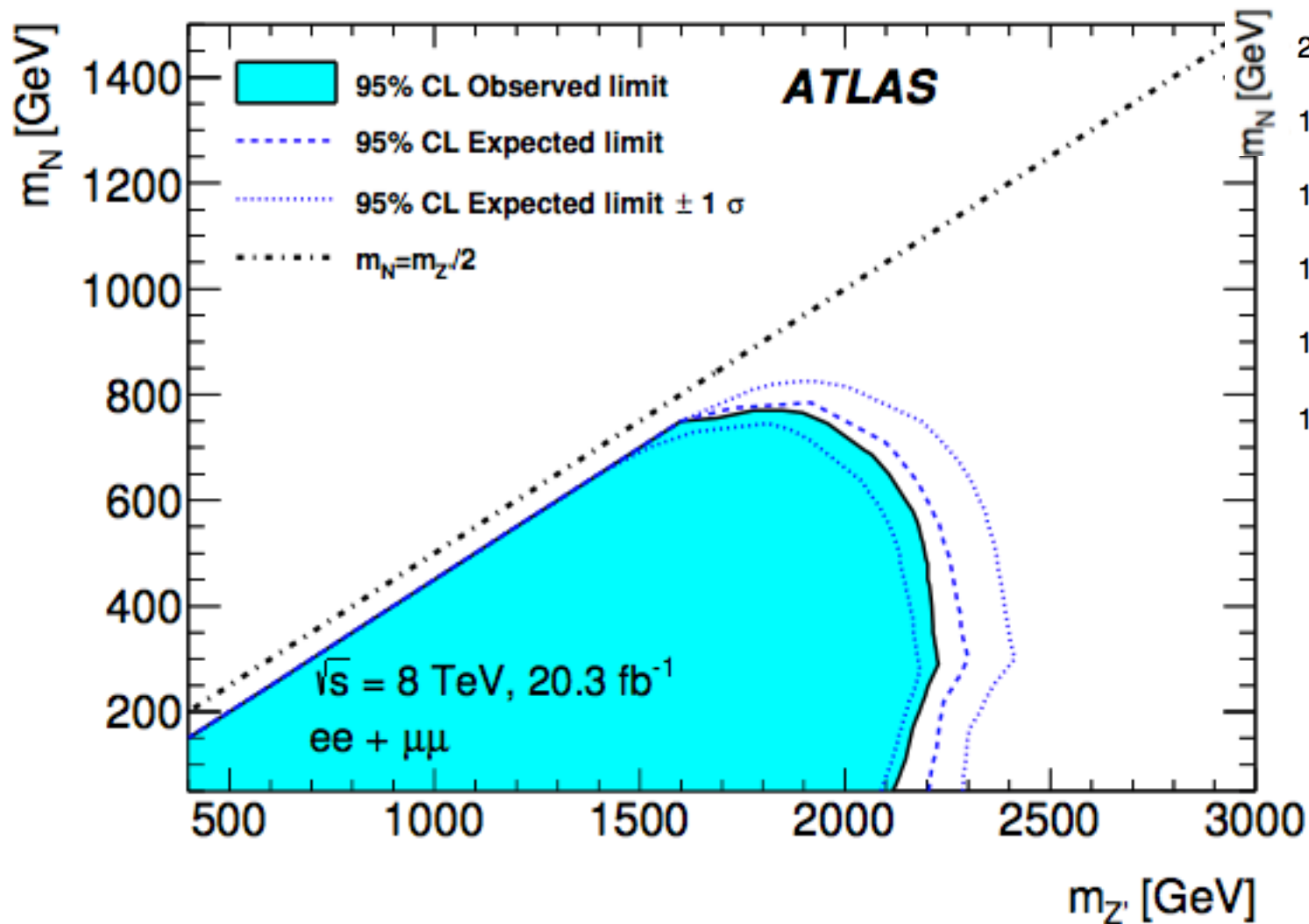
Heavy Neutrino Pair Production

- Event Selection
 - Two leptons
 - ee
 - $\mu\mu$
 - $N_{\text{jets}} \geq 4$
 - No b-jet
 - No MET (small missing transverse energy)

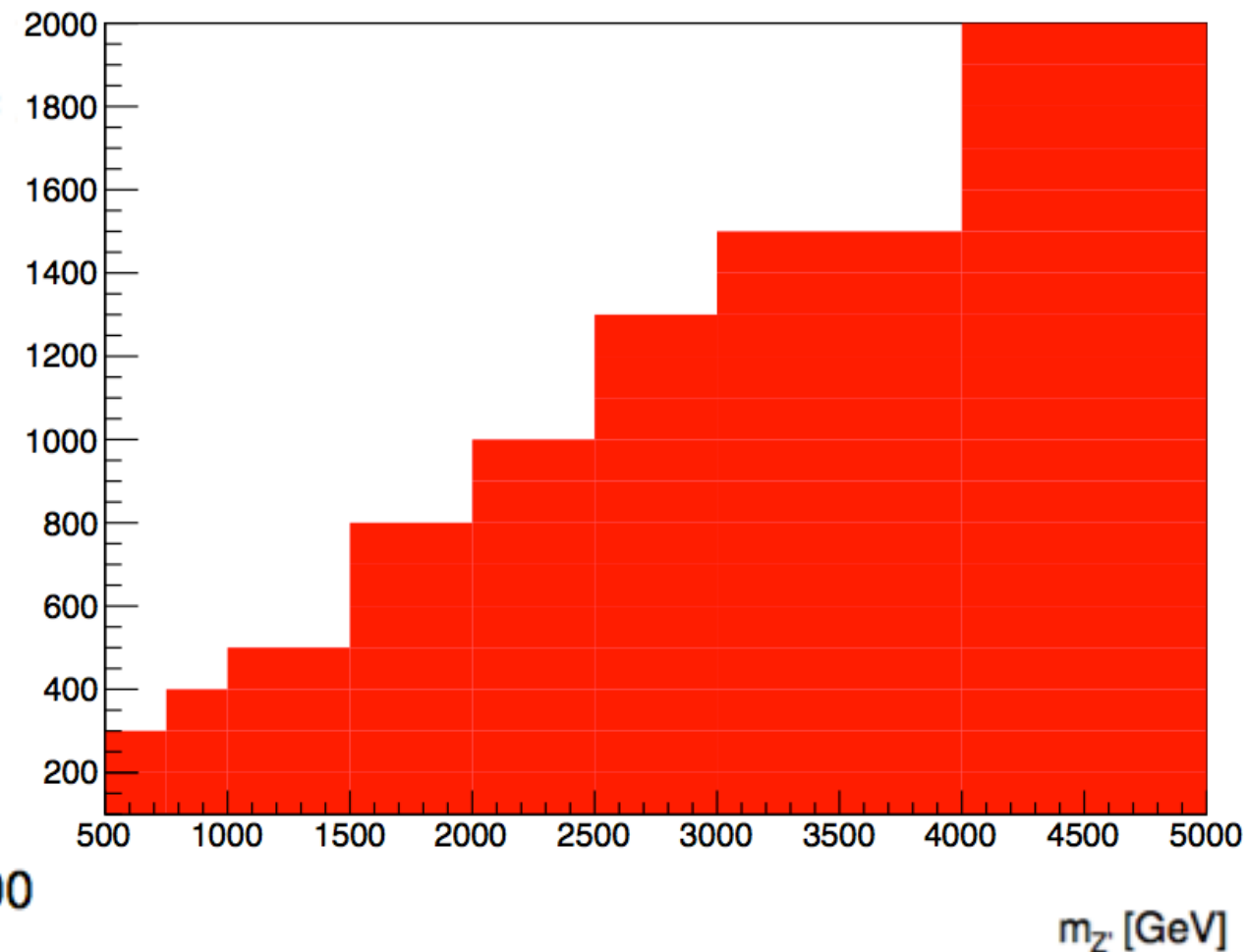


Heavy Neutrino Pair Production

- Search mass region



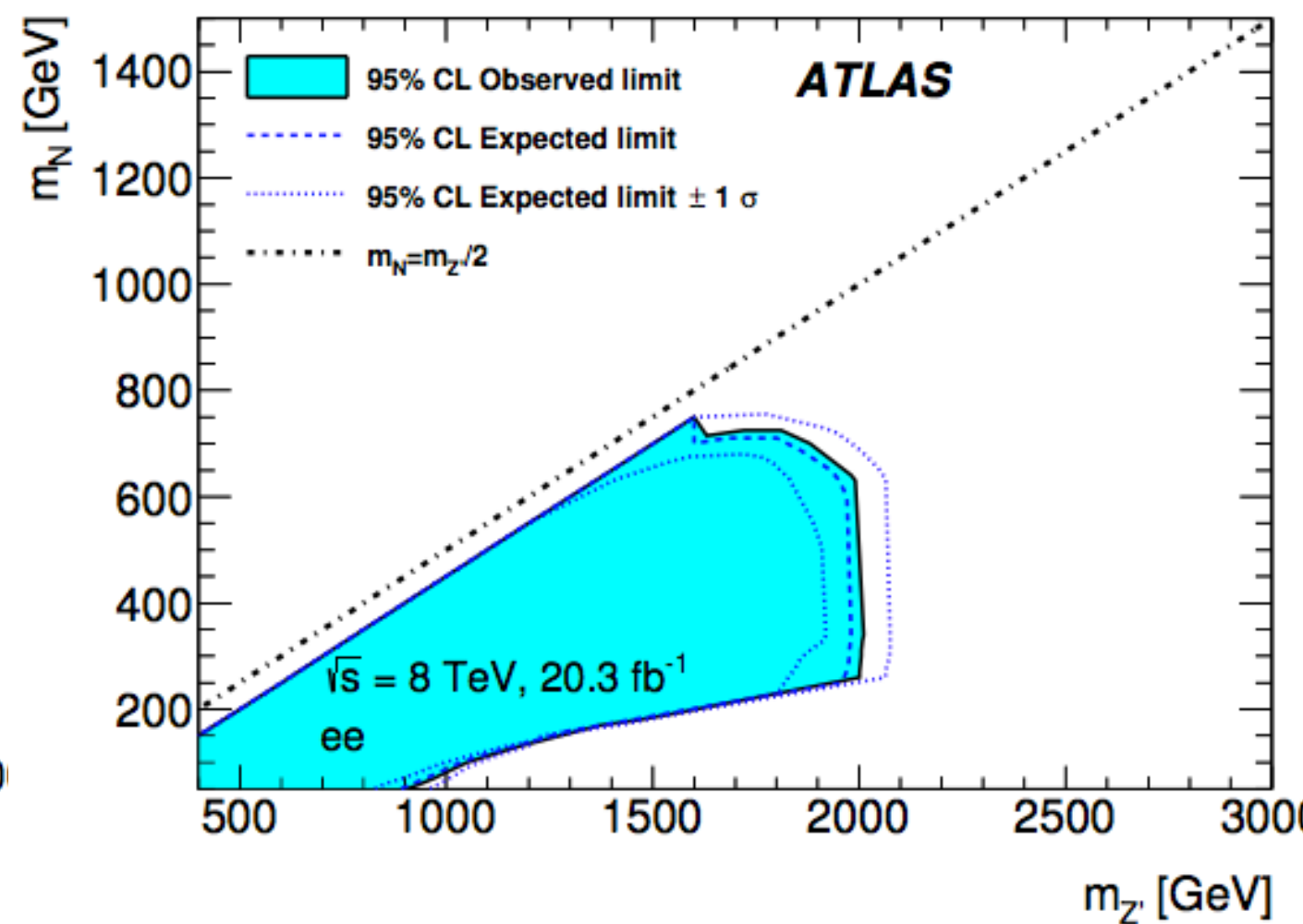
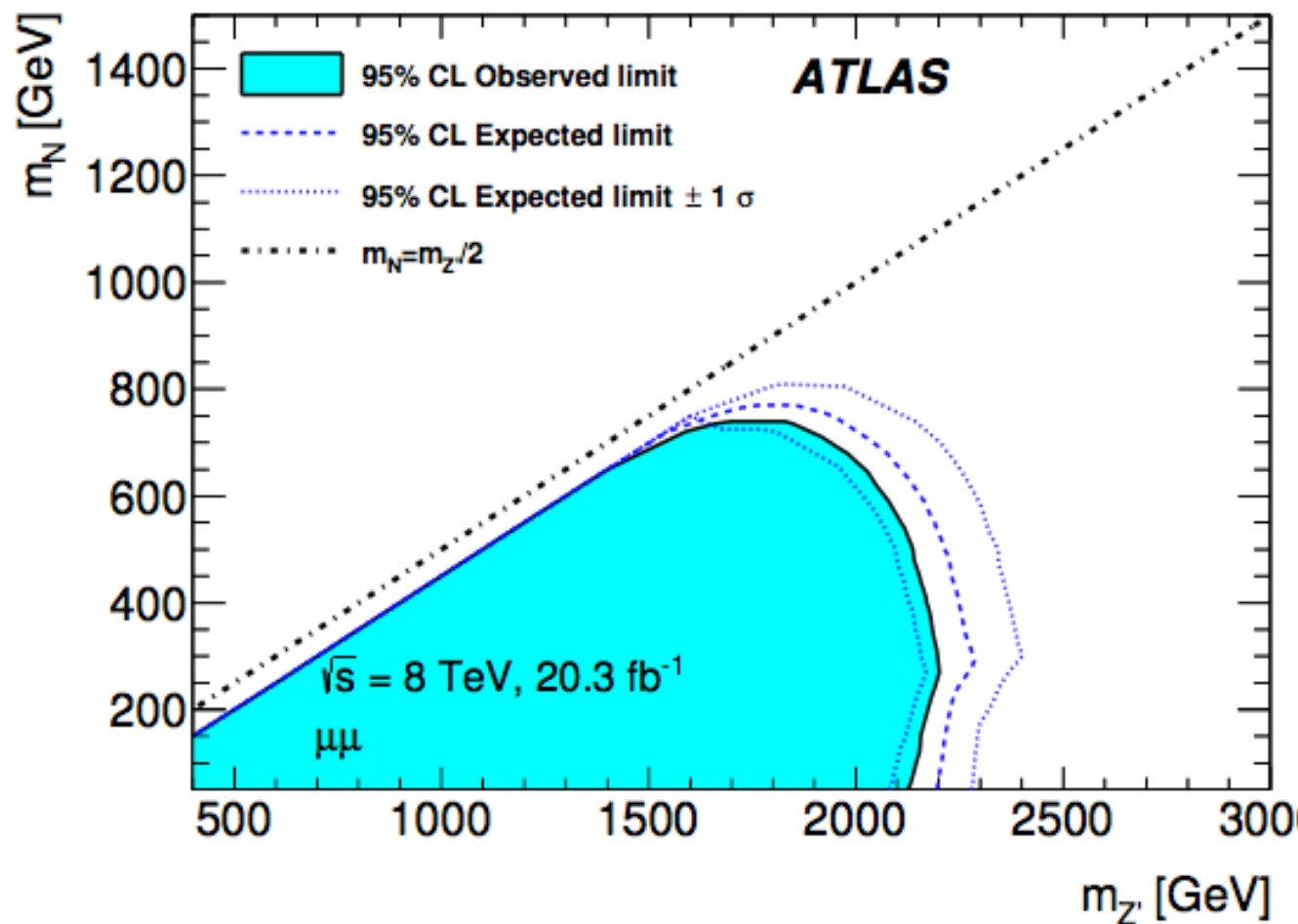
Previous result



Our Searching region

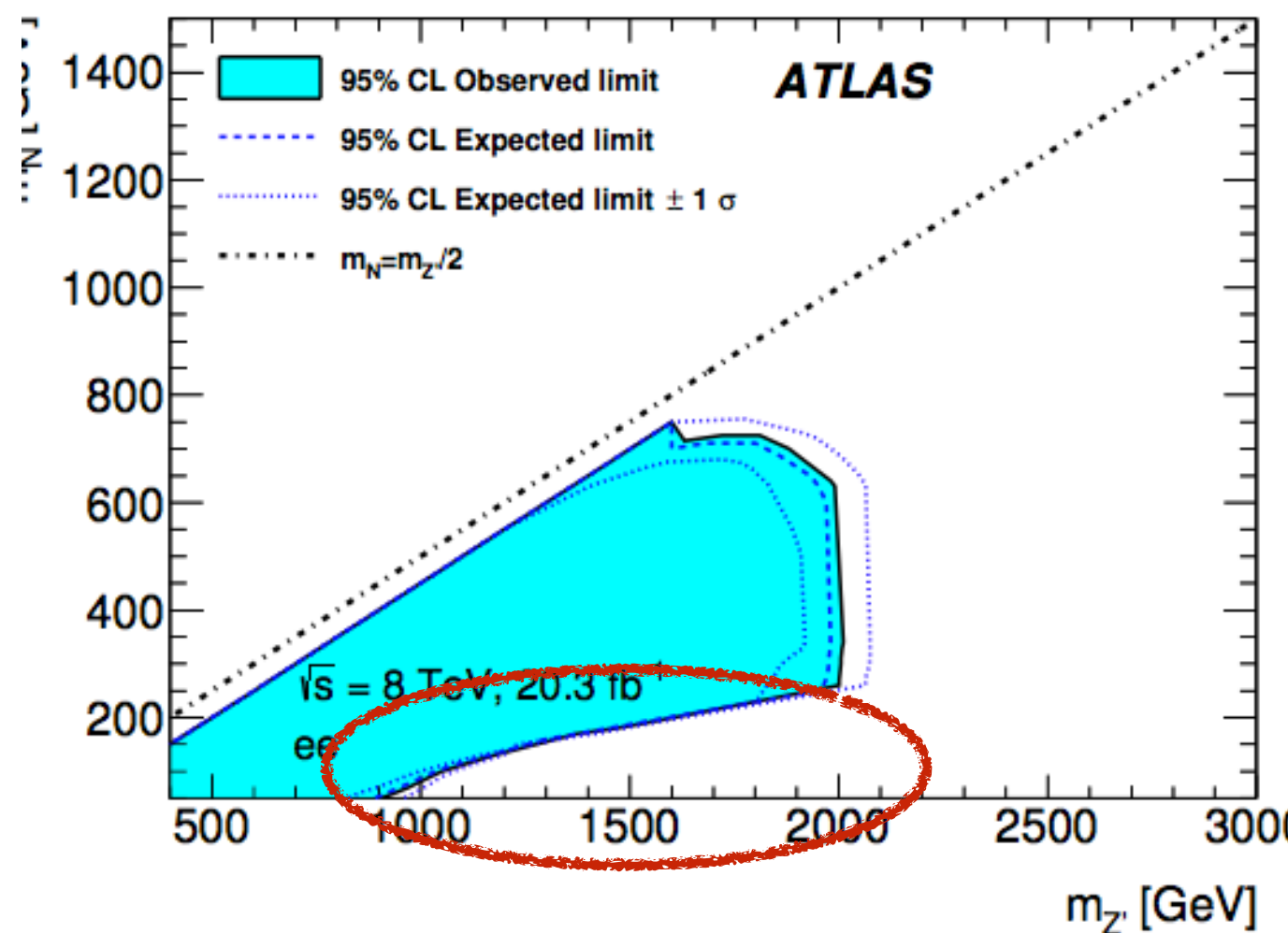
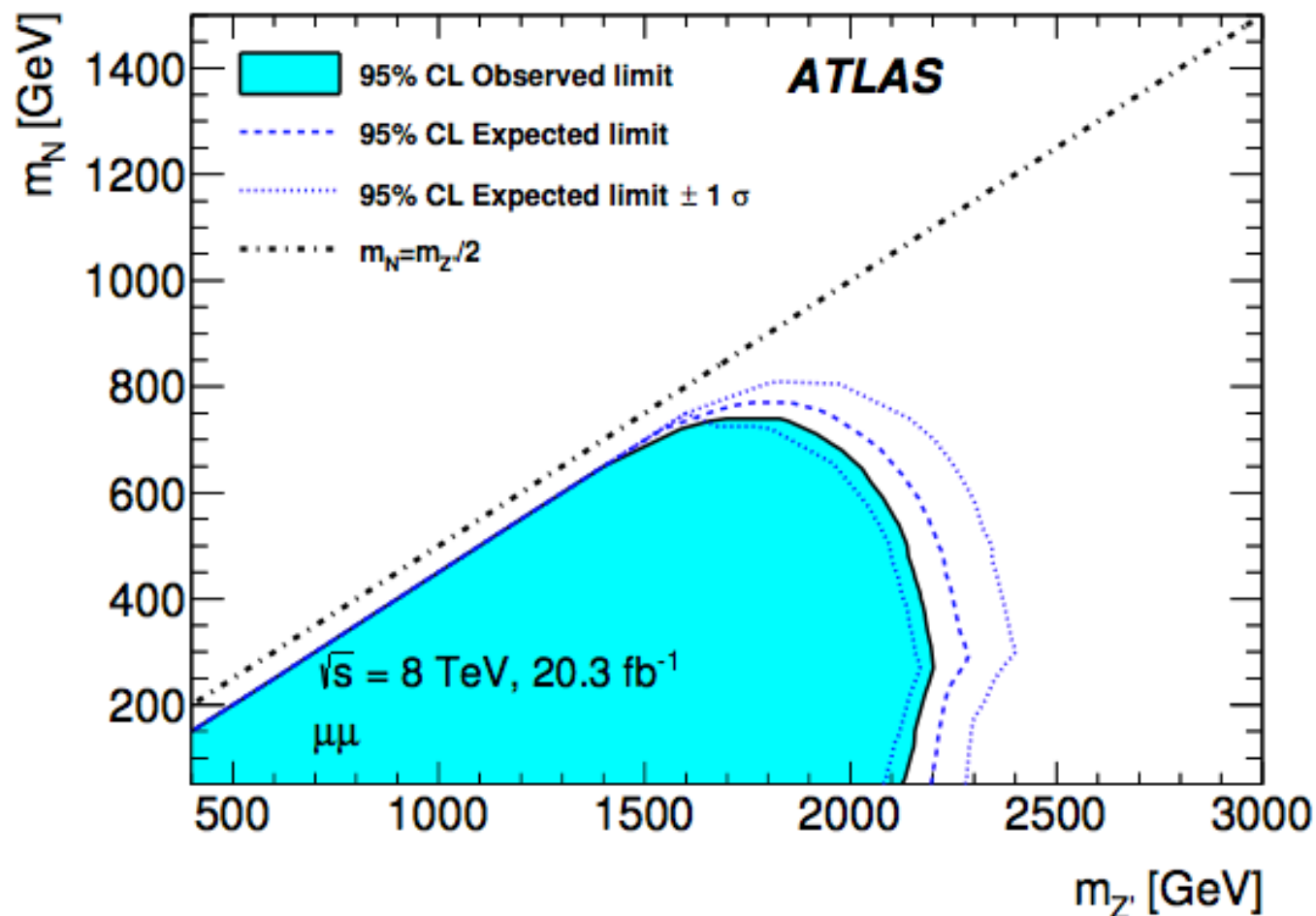
Today's Issue

- Low signal efficiency for boosted cases



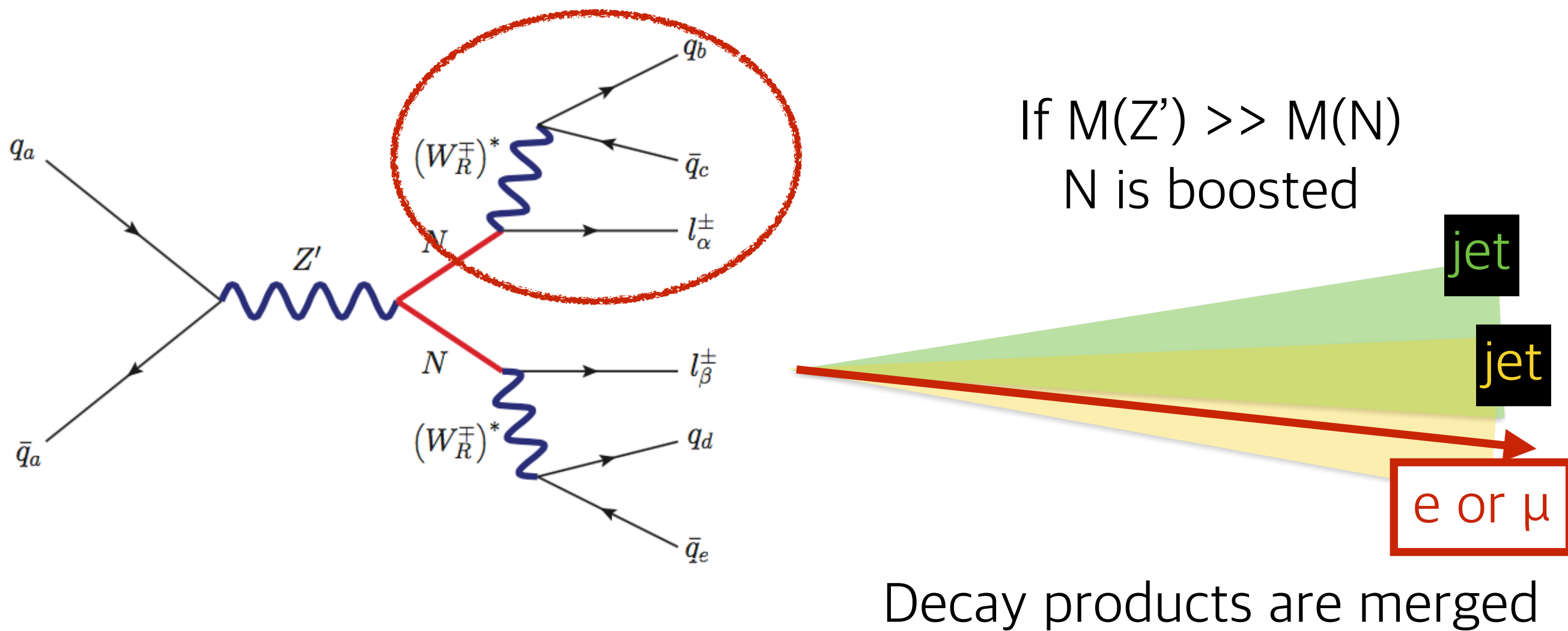
Today's Issue

- Low signal efficiency for boosted cases
 - Probability of signal events passing the event selection



Today's Issue

- Low signal efficiency for boosted cases



Today's Issue

- Problems
 - In Event selection
 - Two leptons
 - ee
 - $\mu\mu$
 - $N_{\text{jets}} \geq 4$

Today's Issue

- Problems

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Difficult to pass Relative Isolation ID cut

Main Reason of low signal efficiency

Njet becomes smaller when jets are merged

1

2

3

Relative Isolation

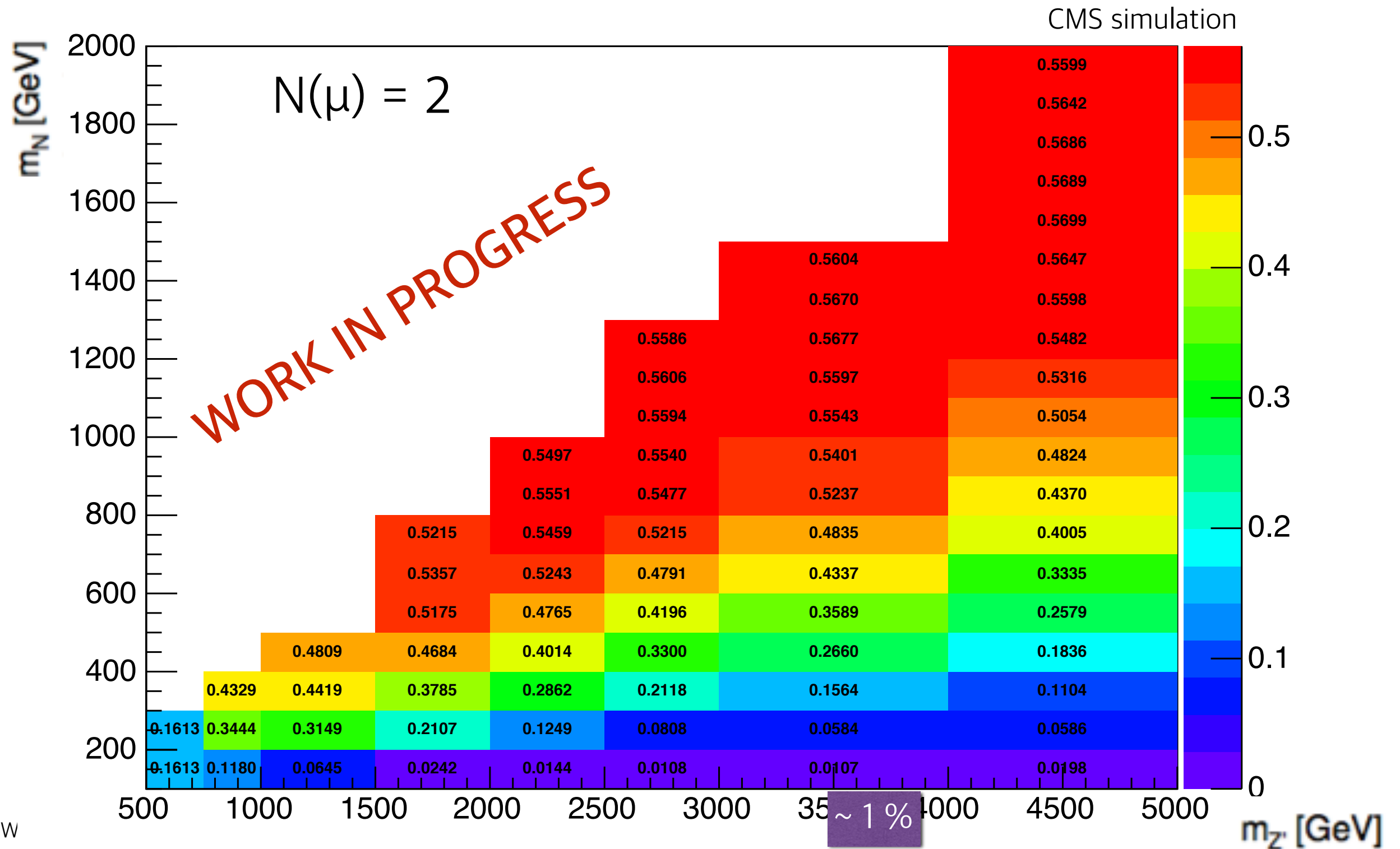
- Main source of electron and muon in LHC
 - Fake lepton from jets - Dominant Bkg in our analysis
 - Electron : $\pi^0 + \pi^\pm(\rightarrow\gamma\gamma)$ at similar direction
 - Track + ECAL shower
 - Muon : $K^\pm$ decay, punch through of hadrons
 - Track + hits at muon chamber
 - We use Rellso cut to reduce fake lepton background
 - Rellso < 0.1 for lepton ID with 0.4 cone $\Delta R = \sqrt{\Delta\phi^2 + \Delta\eta^2}$

$$Rellso = \frac{\sum_{\Delta R < 0.4}^{all} Pt(particles)}{Pt(lepton)}$$

Should be high for fake leptons
& small for prompt leptons

very high for boosted cases

Sad Signal Efficiency



Alternatives

- Mini-Isolation
 - Relso cone size as function of lepton Pt

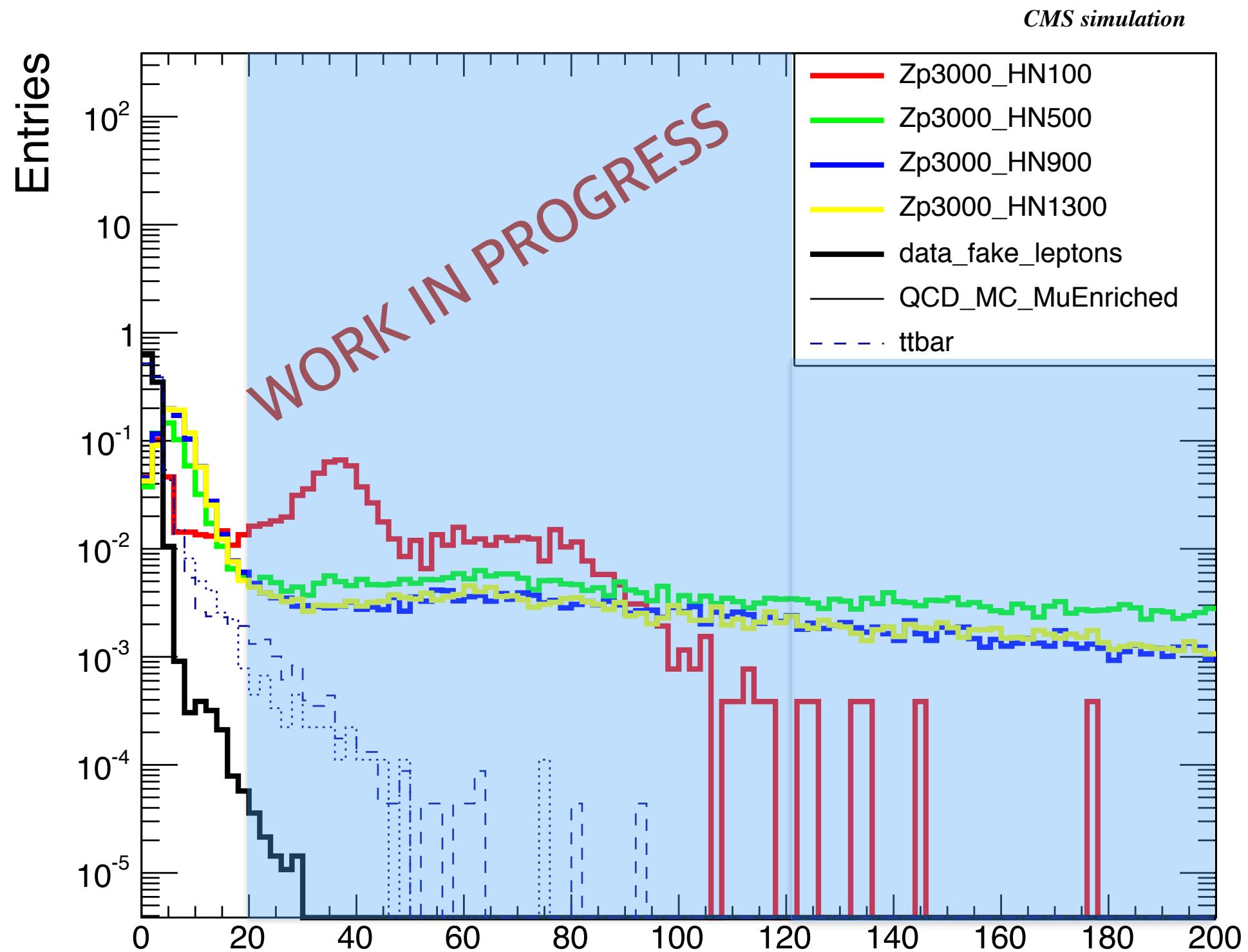
$$(Cone\ size) = \begin{cases} 0.2, & \text{if } Pt(l) < 50\ GeV \\ -0.15 \frac{Pt(l)}{50} + 0.35, & \text{if } 50\ GeV < Pt(l) < 100\ GeV \\ 0.05, & \text{if } Pt(l) > 100\ GeV \end{cases}$$

- Smaller cone size = looser cut
- Leptons from jets usually have small Pt
 - We can expect higher signal efficiency with relatively small increase in fake lepton background

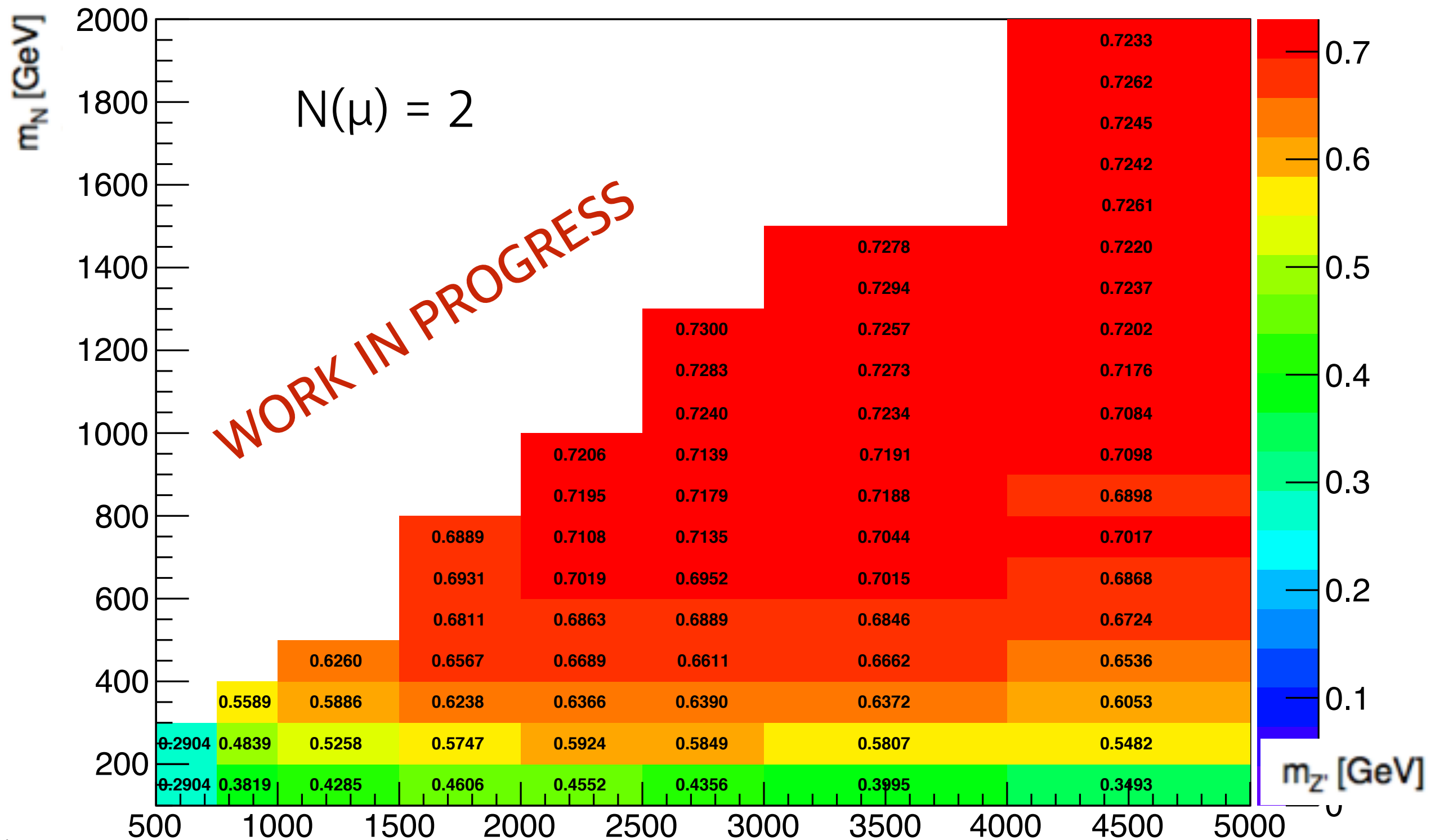
Alternatives

- $M(\text{closest jet} + \text{lepton}) - M(\text{closest jet})$
 - Among jets with $\Delta R(\text{lepton}, \text{jet}) < 0.7$
- For boosted leptons
 - $M(\text{jet} + \text{lepton}) \sim \text{order of HN mass} : \text{high}$
 - $M(\text{jet}) \sim M(\text{truth level quark})$
 - $M(\text{jet} + \text{lepton}) - M(\text{jet}) \sim \text{order of HN mass}$
- Should have very small value for fake leptons
 - $M(\text{jet} + \text{lepton}) \sim \text{truth level quark of the jet} \sim M(\text{jet})$
- We apply
 - $R_{\text{ellso}} < 0.4$ OR $\text{Mass_Drop} > 20 \text{ GeV}$ for now

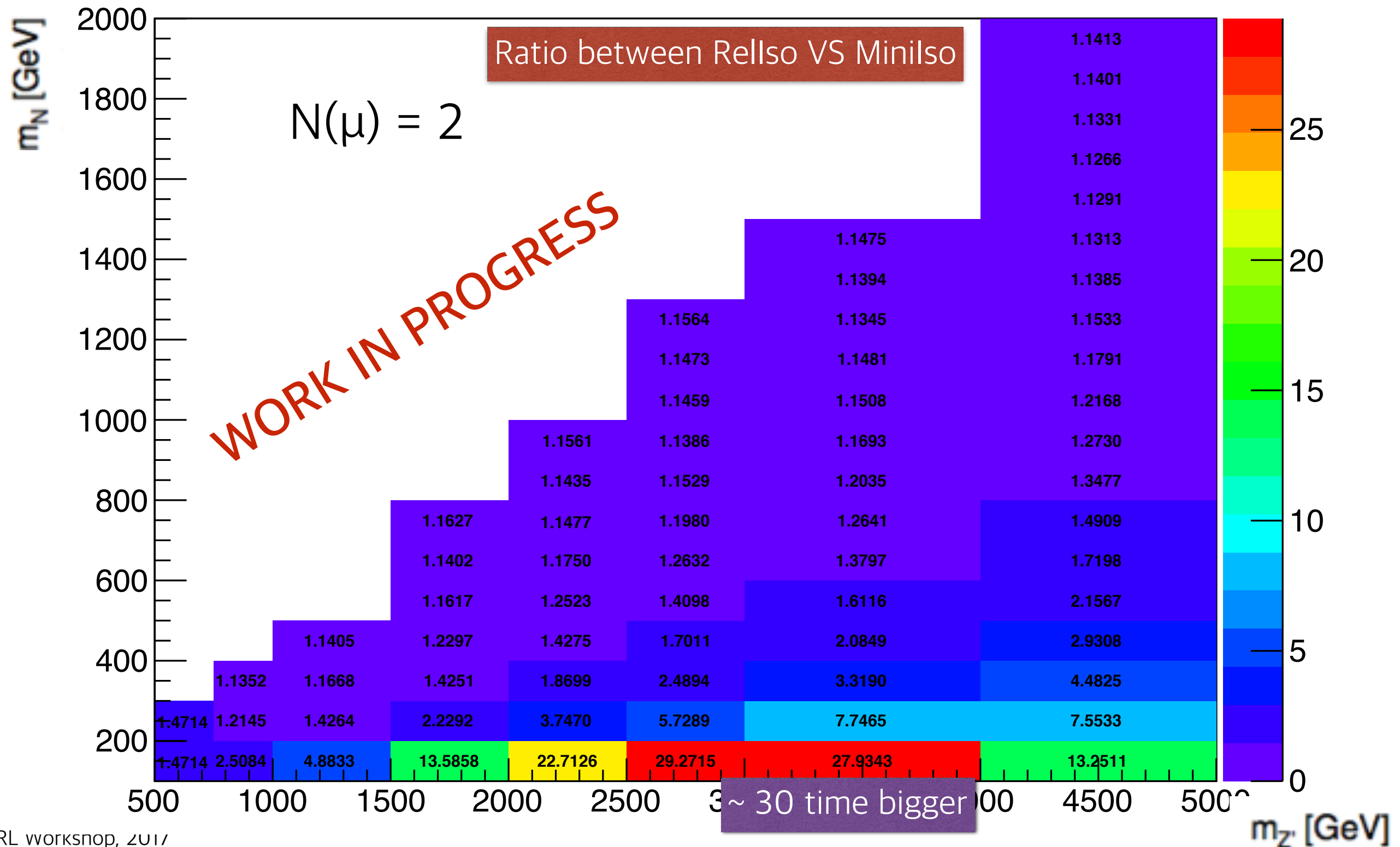
Alternatives



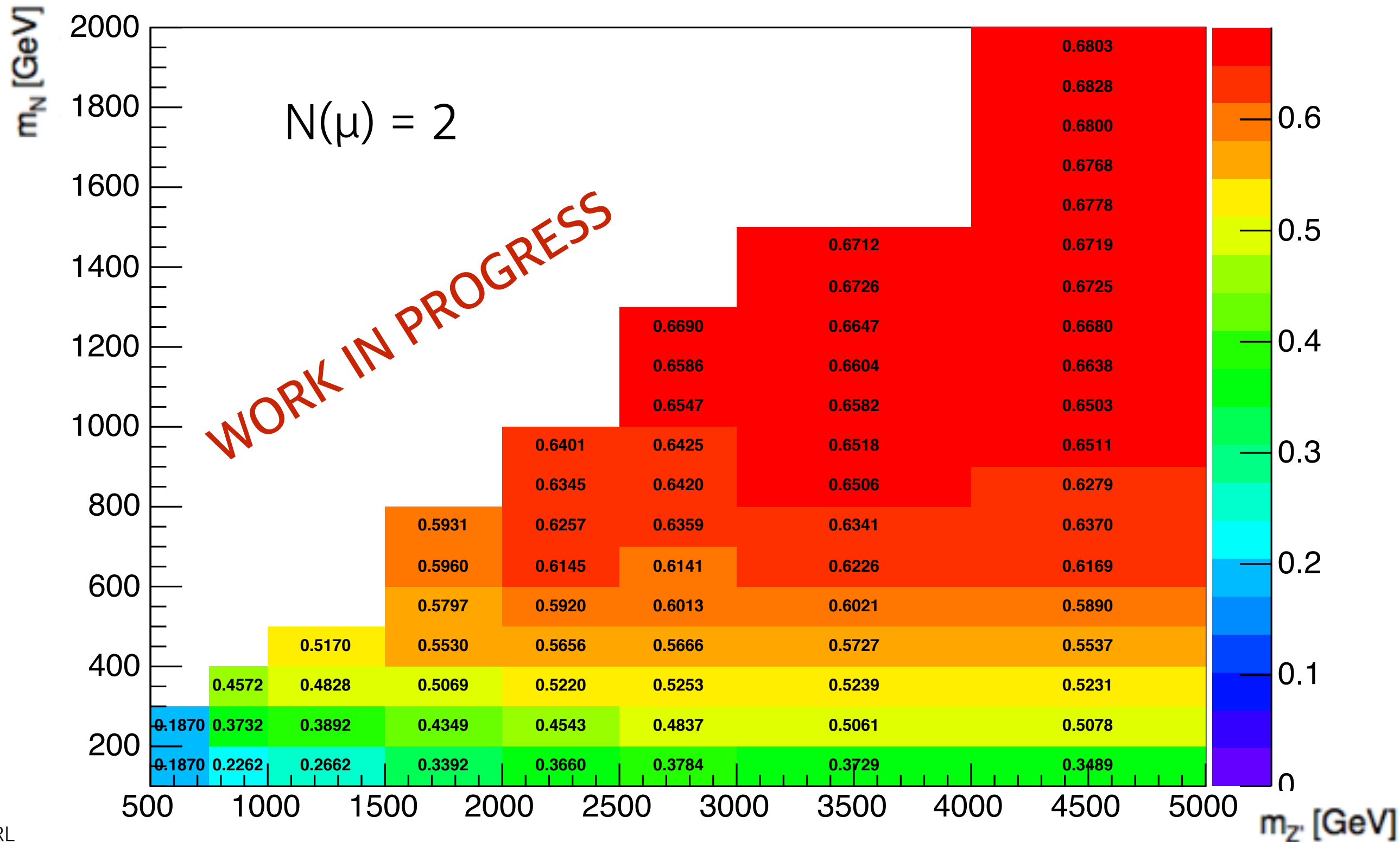
Improvements – Minilso



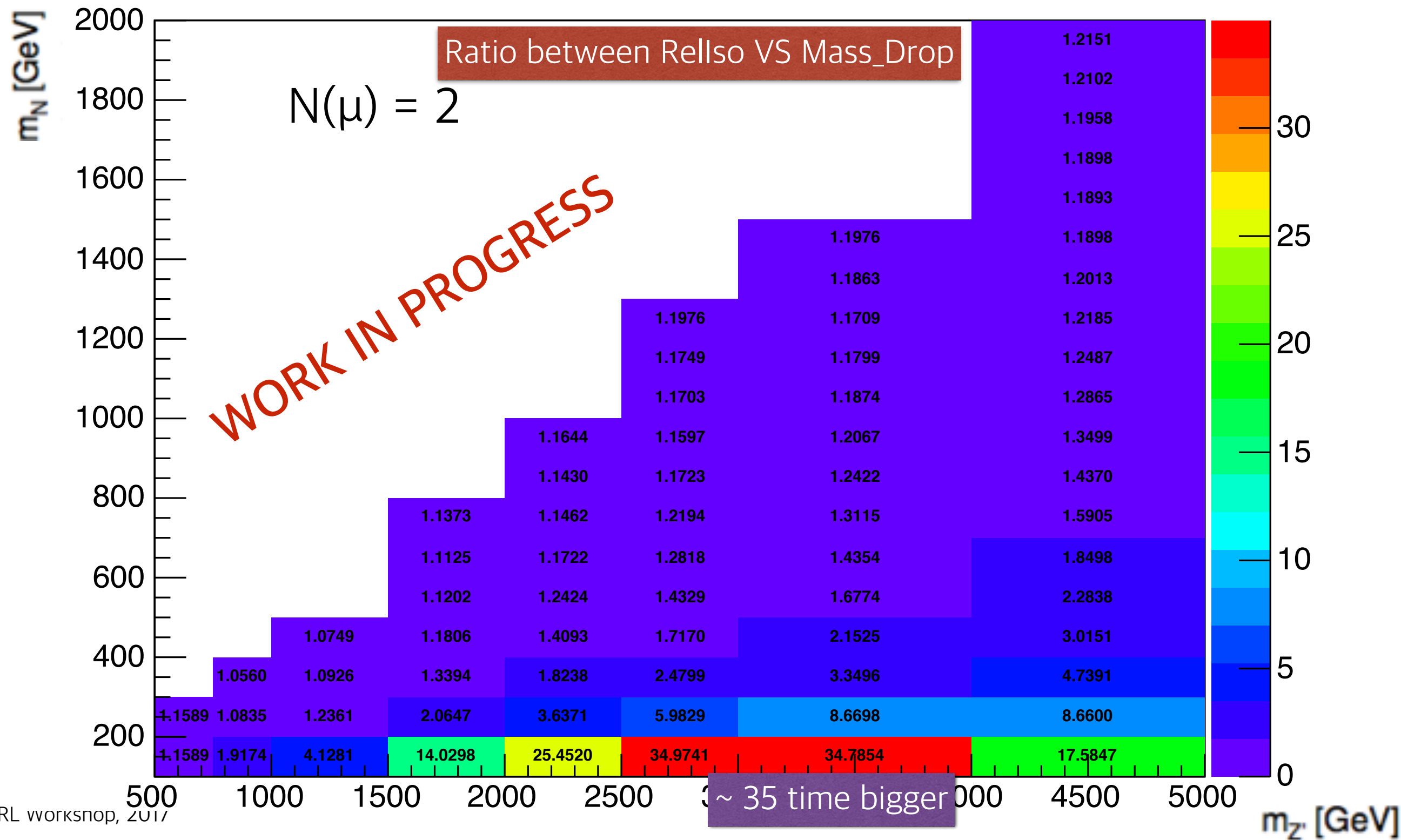
Improvements – Minilso



Improvements – Minilso



Improvements – Minilso



Conclusion

- We want to do search for Z' to heavy neutrino pair production at di-lepton + 4 jets channel
- Small signal efficiency with boosted signature is serious problem to do search
 - Relative isolation cut for lepton ID is main reason of it
- Minilso and Mass_Drop was tested as alternative way for lepton ID
 - We got about 30~ 40 time bigger signal efficiency maximum at boosted cases
- Remaining
 - Background level's behavior with alternative isolation cuts should be investigated